# Measurement and evaluation of policy-concepts using a scorecard based approach

Kai Berendes



ISDC 2000, Bergen

# **Evaluation of policies in microworlds**

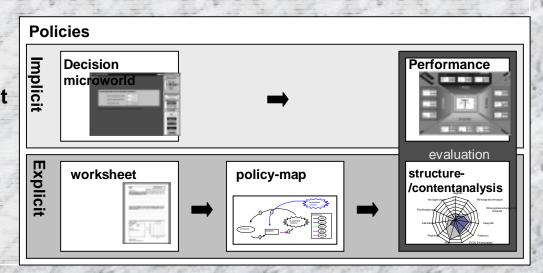


#### issues

- by using microworlds only decisions are visible, not the underlying policies
- effects between performance and policies are often disturbed, fuzzy and delayed
- only financial performance indicators like total profit acquired at the end of the simulation fall to short in respect to the evaluation of adequate policies in business world

#### consequences

 Using both multidimensional performance and content analysis about decision rules which includes indicators derived from the target system



## **Microworld SYDUS**

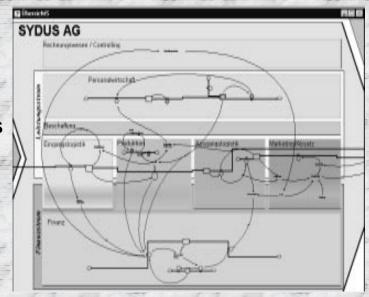


#### characteristics

- based within the approach of enterprise activities sensu PORTER
- represents generic business policies
- glass-box model
  - test mode for decisions
- endogenous market model
- competition, network setting

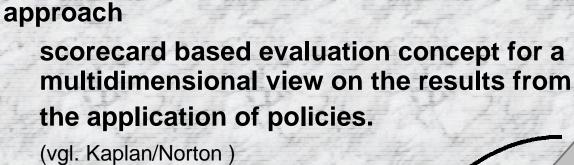
#### assignments for students

- exploration of the activities
- description of their policies
  - (core elements and relations)
  - input decision parameters



## **Performance measurement**



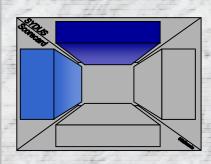


#### characteristics

- indicators derivated from the target system and the learning environment
- **consider performance drivers**
- filter intuitive decision

## **Objectives**





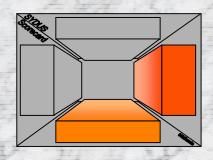
### external perspective

- be aware of the long-term financial objectives
- focus the customers' needs

#### intuitive decision

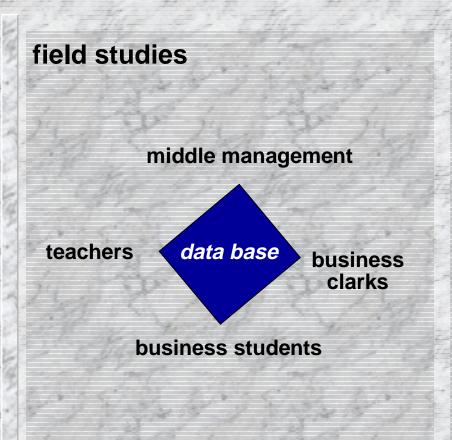
## internal perspectives

- capture the interactions between different activities
- continuous decisions
- goodness of fit



# First results and perspectives





#### evaluation

- readability of the glass-box model
- fit of decisions and underlying policies



